

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME IX.

MAYSVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1890.

NUMBER 51.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A Marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 166 Wall St., New York.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED!

A.S.L.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated by the Legislature for educational and charitable purposes, and to franchise under a part of the present State Constitution, in 1878, by an overwhelming popular vote.

ITS MAMMOTH DRAWINGS take place semi-annually, (June and December), and its Grand Single Number Drawing takes place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

Famed For Twenty Years,
for integrity of its drawings and prompt payment of prizes, attested as follows:

We do hereby certify that we supervise all the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with five similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

*J. T. DeGraward
J. F. Early*

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters:

R. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l. Bk.
PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State Nat'l. Bk.
A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l. Bk.
CARL KOHN, President Union Nat'l. Bk.

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING, on the Academy of Music, New Orleans, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1890.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000

100,000 tickets at \$20 each; halves, \$10; Quarters, \$5; Threths, \$2; Twentieths, \$1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE of \$30,000 is.....	\$30,000
1 PRIZE of 100,000 is.....	100,000
1 PRIZE of 50,000 is.....	50,000
1 PRIZE of 25,000 is.....	25,000
2 PRIZES of 10,000 are.....	20,000
5 PRIZES of 5,000 are.....	25,000
25 PRIZES of 1,000 are.....	25,000
100 PRIZES of 500 are.....	50,000
200 PRIZES of 300 are.....	60,000
500 PRIZES of 200 are.....	100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Prizes of \$500 are.....	\$5,000
100 Prizes of 300 are.....	30,000
100 Prizes of 200 are.....	20,000

TERMINAL PRIZES.

999 Prizes of \$100 are.....	99,900
3,134 Prizes amounting to.....	\$1,054,00

NOTE.—Tickets drawing capital prizes are not entitled to terminal prizes.

AGENTS WANTED.

For Club Rates, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with State, County, Street and Number. More rapid return shall be assured by your enclosing an envelope bearing your full address.

IMPORTANT—Address M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La., or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C., by ordinary letter, containing money order issued by all Express companies, New York Exchange, Draft or postal note.

Address registered letters containing currency to New Orleans National Bank, New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER, that the payment of Prizes is guaranteed by four National Banks of New Orleans, and the tickets are signed by the President of an institution, whose chartered rights are recognized in the highest courts; therefore beware of all limitations or anonymous schemes.

ONE DOLLAR is the price of thesmates' part fraction of a ticket issued by us in any drawing. Anything in our name offered for less than a dollar is a swindle.



A VOICE

From the Executive Mansion.

MR. A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: The pantilene glasses you furnished me some time since give excellent satisfaction. I have tested them by use, and must say they are unequalled in clearness and brilliancy than any that I have ever worn. Respectfully, JOHN B. GORDON, Governor of Georgia.

All eyes fitted and fit guaranteed at the Drug Store of POWER & REYNOLDS, Mayville, Ky.

The Hopes of Chicago

To Secure the World's Fair in 1892

RECEIVES A SUDDEN BACKSET.

The Special House Committee Hold Their First Session and Discuss the Site Question—No Oral Argument to Be Heard. Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The special house committee on the world's fair held its first meeting yesterday morning. Mr. Springer called up his resolution providing that the house shall proceed next Thursday to select the site for the fair by ballot, and it was discussed for an hour.

Mr. Frank offered a resolution that the Springer resolution be referred to a sub-committee of three, the chairman of the full committee also chairman of the sub-committee, and to have it report next Thursday.

Mr. Springer said that if this motion was defeated he would move to modify his proposition so as to have the debate in the house next Monday and the balloting Tuesday, as suggested by Mr. Flower. The New York members took alarm at this, however, as it was apparently the object of the Chicagoans to get the chairman to vote and ascertain his views.

The Chicagoans had calculated on Mr. Flower voting with them in support of his own proposition. This would leave the remaining three members present besides the chairman in the opposition, and compel the chairman to vote to break a tie, and it was not regarded as desirable that the chairman should be committed at this early date. So when Mr. Frank's resolution was put, the two Chicago men found themselves alone in opposition, and it prevailed, so the chairman was instructed to appoint a sub-committee to consider the Springer resolution, and report next Thursday, when the committee will meet again.

Later the sub-committee was selected as follows: Chairman Candler and Messrs. Hitt and Flower.

The committee decided to hear no oral arguments respecting the site of the fair. Then the committee instructed the chairman to ask for permission to sit during the session of the house, and adjourned until Thursday.

HILL TO REDUCE THE RESERVE FUND.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—In the house yesterday Mr. Dorsey, of Nebraska, introduced a bill authorizing the secretary of the treasury to reduce the reserve fund. The following is the text of the measure: That the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized to reduce the reserve fund now held in the treasury for the redemption of United States notes, under acts of congress approved Jan. 14, 1875, and July 12, 1882, to the sum of \$25,000,000; and he is hereby authorized and directed to apply the remainder—some \$75,000,000—to the payment of the public debt.

CONTESTED ELECTION CASES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—For two weeks the house elections committee has listened to arguments upon contested election cases, including four West Virginia cases and one Arkansas case. This week, according to previous arrangement, is to be devoted to action upon these cases, and the committee began yesterday to consider the West Virginia case of Smith vs. Jackson, but reached no conclusion, and will further consider it.

WORLD'S FAIR COMMITTEE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Senator Hitchcock has been absent from the city for several days, and no meeting of the Senate committee on world's fair has been called. The committee is waiting on Mr. Depew. All of the speeches made before the committee have been submitted with the exception of Mr. Depew's. His is still withheld for revision.

THE BANKRUPTCY BILL.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The entire session of the judiciary committee of the house was taken up in reading the National bankruptcy bill. As each section of the bill was read the members of the committee suggested amendments but nothing beyond this time was done.

A WILD ENGLISHMAN,

WHO IS AMUSING HIMSELF WITH THE SUSCEPTIBLE PEOPLE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—A special from Victoria, B. C., says: A few days ago an Englishman, who gave his name as Mullahy, and who claims to be a captain in the English army, made his appearance in Seattle, Wash. He was of aristocratic appearance, and put up at a first-class hotel. He succeeded in contracting quite a number of debts.

He engaged in a game of pool with a Seattle man, and lost nearly \$2,500. He drew a check on the Bank of British Columbia in this city for the amount, which was accepted. He then disappeared. The paper proved to be worthless, and inquiries were set on foot to discover Mullahy's whereabouts. His description was sent here, and he was found to have put up at the Dryard hotel last Thursday. He registered under his proper name of Calthorpe, and in the afternoon drove to Esquimalt, where he dined with Admiral Seneca, who is an old friend.

Upon his return to the city he induced the proprietor of the hotel to cash a check on Vancouver for \$50. He then left by steamer for Vancouver. The check proved to be worthless. He was arrested and brought back here. The hotel proprietor states that Calthorpe was here two years ago as a companion of Lord Chesterfield. It has been discovered that Calthorpe is a brother-in-law of Sir Richard Webster, attorney general of England. He was sent away from home by his people on account of his wild habits.

MINERS' CONVENTION.

DISTRICT 10. PROGRESSIVE UNION, DECIDES IN FAVOR OF AMALGAMATION.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 22.—The annual session of the National Progressive Union of Miners continued in session yesterday. The amalgamation of both organizations of miners was discussed. The committee on resolutions announced that it was ready with part of its report, and the following resolution was presented:

Resolved, That we, the members of District No. 10, National Progressive Union, are heartily in favor of the amalgamation of the miners of the United States of America, but we deem it advisable to leave the details of the amalgamation to the National convention.

The delegates who had arrived since previous day's meeting were called upon by President Evans to state their position to the organization. The board decided to issue it call for immediate relief for the miners who are now locked out of the mines of the Rochester and Pittsburg Coal and Iron company, at Punxsutawney, Pa. About 2,500 Knights of Labor miners are out on strike at that place. A general assessment is to be made for the relief of the miners.

The way is now clear to tunnel No. 13. The railroad officials say that the road will surely be opened by to-night. Heavy slides and drifts, however, are reported between Truckee and Boca. A rotary plow is clearing a road to Blue Canyon, and it is expected to soon clear the track to the two imprisoned passenger trains between Blue Canyon and Alta. None of the snow slides have caved in, although the weight of the snow in some places is very heavy. The average depth of the snow along the tracks is twenty feet. Over 1,000 snow shovellers are now on the mountains. Truckee is cut off from all communication with the outside world, but this is true of all mining and other towns in the Sierras.

STRIKE OF ELECTRICIANS COMPROMISED.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 22.—The strike of the electricians of the Allegheny County Light company was settled yesterday, after an investigation and conference by President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, lasting for two days. The company agrees to take back eight of its old men, will discharge no man in its employ and is not compelled to recognize the union.

COOPER'S STRIKE PRACTICALLY SETTLED.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—The cooper's strike is practically resulting in a victory for the strikers, 300 of the 500 men out having returned to work, their demands for an increase of five cents per barrel having been granted.

UPRISING IMMINENT.

HUNGARIAN STRIKING MINERS ABOUT TIRED OF ABUSE FROM PINKERTON MEN.

BRADFORD, Pa., Jan. 22.—A special to The Era from Punxsutawney says: There is much excitement here over an outrage perpetrated by the Pinkerton force Monday night. A Hungarian miner who was passing a locomotive received a shower of cinders which nearly blinded him. He made an effort to represent this act when he was attacked by the Pinkerton men and handled very roughly. He fought in defense, but the men beat the poor wretch until his head and face were covered with blood. Several "Huns" interfered, but were overpowered by the police and taken to jail.

The Pinkerton men resort to the lowest and most contemptuous tricks to force the men to strike back at them. But the miners keep their tempers under good control.

Many of the miners are pleading with the labor leaders for a chance to revenge these insults, but the strike committee maintain their former position, and advise peaceable methods. Notwithstanding the attitude of the leaders of the strike, the fact is becoming apparent that an uprising is imminent. The men are drinking heavily, and in so doing show that they are beginning to ignore the advice of their leaders.

Five more evictions took place at Adrian yesterday. The sheriff, accompanied by twenty-seven armed guards, removed the household effects of the five families out of their holdings and turned the wretched people out into the cold. The homeless ones were taken in hand by the strike committee and given temporary shelter.

Sheriff Sutler has one hundred writs of ejectment to serve at Walston, and as that place is the stamping ground of many belligerent miners a skirmish will probably take place.

AGREED ON RULES.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 22.—The committee on rules for the government of the joint assembly made further report yesterday afternoon, allowing both Goff and Fleming to appear for themselves if they so desire, and twelve hours are allowed to the members of the committee to discuss the reports, the time to be evenly divided between the majority and minority, the chairman of the committee to close, other members of the legislature only having the right to discuss the question when a member of the committee yields his time. Gen. Goff will appear in his own behalf when argument is made.

THEATRICAL TRroupe Beyond All Reach.

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 22.—Grave fears are entertained regarding the probable fate of the Howard Atheneum company of variety artists, who are in the snow blockade on the Central Pacific. Nothing definite can be learned. Advices from Utah points say the road may not be opened in three weeks. A train with the theater troupe on board is believed to be buried under the demolished snow sheds between Reno and Truckee. It is a question whether the entombed passengers can be rescued before they perish of hunger and cold. The mercury is 30 to 40 degrees below zero.

FLORIDA MILITIA CALLED OUT.

APALACHICOLA, Fla., Jan. 22.—The saw mills here employ negro labor principally. Last week the negroes held a meeting and resolved to have ten hours and more pay, and refused to take orders. Last Monday the negroes refused to go to work, and the mills shut down. The negroes not in the strike were prohibited from working. Two worked at the Kennedy mill yesterday. Last night one of them was assassinated in his house. The negroes who are at work are alarmed, and the whites fear more trouble as the negroes are alarmed. The governor has been telegraphed to send troops and ammunition.

Imprisoned in Snow.

CENTRAL PACIFIC PASSENGERS STILL DELAYED.

HEROIC EFFORTS AT RESCUE.

HUNDREDS OF SNOW PLOWS AND THOUSANDS OF MEN TRYING TO CLEAR THE BLOCKADE TRACKS—GREAT FEARS OF MANY PEOPLE STARVING TO DEATH OR PERISHING FROM THE COLD BEFORE THEY CAN BE RESCUED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—The prospects are that the great snow blockade on the Central Pacific railroad will be cleared in a few hours. Clear weather is reported at all stations from Rocklin to Truckee, with one or two exceptions. At Cisco the snow is fifteen feet on the level, and in the drifts the snow is three times as deep. Fifteen engines are at work with the rotary plow near Champion's Spur. The snow was thrown fifteen feet on either side of the track. One hundred and fifty snow shovellers, who were engaged in digging a trench, were surprised and completely buried by snow from the plow. They were not badly injured.

The way is now clear to tunnel No. 13. The railroad officials say that the road will surely be opened by to-night. Heavy slides and drifts, however, are reported between Truckee and Boca. A rotary plow is clearing a road to Blue Canyon, and it is expected to soon clear the track to the two imprisoned passenger trains between Blue Canyon and Alta. None of the snow slides have caved in, although the weight of the snow in some places is very heavy. The average depth of the snow along the tracks is twenty feet. Over 1,000 snow shovellers are now on the mountains. Truckee is cut off from all communication with the outside world, but this is true of all mining and other towns in the Sierras

THE EVENING BULLETIN

LAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1890.

The "Flicker Tail State" is the nickname given to North Dakota, while "Swing Cat" is applied to her sister, South Dakota. Washington is the "Chinook" State and Montana the "Stubbed Toe" State.

The bill introduced in the Legislature yesterday by Dr. Frazee to provide for the collection of judgments against railroad corporations is a good one and should be passed. Under the present law it seems almost impossible to collect a judgment from some railroads.

WHILE we have been trying to talk up a soap factory here in Maysville, the citizens of Ironton, O., have taken the cue and will soon have an enterprise of that character in full operation. They have already let the contract for the building, which is to be a three-story brick. It would require much less capital to start a soap factory here, and there is a much better field to work in.

CONGRESS has been in session over fifty days and the House has not yet adopted any rules to govern the proceedings. There is a deep scheme at the bottom of this delay on the part of the Republicans. They don't want any rules. They wish to run things in a high handed, unparliamentary manner. Speaker Reed proposes to bull-doze the minority. This revolutionary conduct of the Republicans deserves, and will receive, the censure of all fair-minded people.

THE Constitution provides that in the year 1857, and every eight (8) years thereafter the Legislature shall have made an enumeration of the legal voters, and the succeeding Legislature after this enumeration shall apportion the representation. The Legislature of 1881 failed to provide for this enumeration, and consequently the Legislature of 1883 could make no new apportionment, having no Constitutional enumeration. It is the duty of this present Legislature to provide for the enumeration, and of the succeeding one to re-apportion, unless a Constitutional convention should be called, and a change should be made.—Exchange.

HERE is something that ought to prove interesting to all honest toilers of the land. An exchange says: "For the year ending Dec. 31, 1889, the total exports of breadstuffs from the United States amounted to \$125,879,052. For one hundred years American farmers have been told that a protective tariff would give them a "home market" for what they have to sell, but to say nothing about exports of pork, tobacco, and other agricultural products, here we have our grain-agricultural communities shipping bread-stuffs to Europe to come in competition with the pauper grain of Russia, France, India and the Argentine Confederation, at prices fixed in the pauper markets of Great Britain. Indeed, it appears that those engaged in "protected" industries consume less than ten per cent. of what the farming classes of America produce." In other words those engaged in "protected" industries furnish a home market for only ten per cent. of what the farmers produce. The farmer has to sell ninety percent. of his produce in the "pauper" markets of Europe, but he is compelled by the high tariff to buy all his food, clothing and agricultural implements in "protected" America. Wouldn't it be fair to equalize things a little? Wouldn't it be fair to revise the tariff as the Democrats have been striving to do for years, and equalize the burdens to some extent?

Homestead.

In the case of Myers' guardian versus Myers' administrator, taken up from Fleming County, the Court of Appeals in reversing says:

First—The homestead exemption in favor of a debtor continues after his death or the benefit of his widow and infant children as against claims of creditors proved in an action for the settlement of the defendant's estate.

Second—The widow and children can not be disturbed in their possession of the homestead while the widow lives, and in case of her death or abandonment the children can not be deprived of the enjoyment and possession of it before they arrive at full age. And in case of a sale of the homestead, the widow, or in the event of her death or abandonment, the infant children are entitled to the use of the proceeds.

Third—The failure of the widow to renounce the provisions of her husband's will can not affect the rights of the infant children as to the homestead.

Fourth—The owner of a homestead not exceeding \$1,000 in value can pass title to the property to his widow and children by will.

Around the Earth.

A French servant has calculated the time required for a journey round the earth says an exchange, and has obtained the following results: A man walking day and night, without resting, would take 428 days; an express train, forty days; sound at a medium temperature, thirty-two and one-half hours; a cannon ball, twenty-one and three-quarter hours; light, a little over one-tenth of a second; and electricity, passing over copper wire, a little under one-tenth of a second.

THE CITY'S DEBT.

A Statement From the Collector and Treasurer Giving the Amount Maysville Owes.

At the council meeting last Thursday evening, a statement of the city's indebtedness was, on motion of Mr. Fitzgerald, ordered published. It follows:

BONDED DEBT, DUE AUGUST 1, YEAR NAMED	
Eight bonds \$1,000 each, 6 per cent., 1890—\$ 8,000	
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1890—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1891—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1892—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1893—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1894—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1895—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1896—.....	7,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1898—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1899—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1900—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1901—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1902—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1903—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1904—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1905—.....	6,000
Total—.....	\$124,320

OTHER INDEBTEDNESS.

General Fund,	
One note at Bank of Maysville dated Dec. 7, '89, due Jan. 1, '90—.....	3 700
School Fund,	
One note at Bank of Maysville dated Oct. 1, '89, due Augt. 1, '90—.....	1,00
Total—.....	\$ 1,00
Grand total—.....	1,691.6

R. A. COCHRAN, JR., Treasurer.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

GERMANIA N.

Dr. H. W. Dimmilt and wife and nine-pound boy are all in good health.

Town Dads: Please, for our sake, stop this throwing rocks of negroes. It is dangerous.

Mr. Maurice Coughlin and Will Jenkins are still in the butcher trade. Beef at all hours.

Mr. Dan Mitchell and J. F. Walton are buying homes in this vicinity, and good ones are being built.

A gripe is raging in our little town. Several men are compounding, among them Isaac Butcher, W. C. Johnson, James Pollock and Dr. J. A. Browning.

HELENA.

Wm. Mearns, of Toluksboro, visited relatives here Monday and Tuesday.

Squire Geo. Campbell, of Muse's Mill, visited here the first of the week.

Miss Annie Kirkland has been a guest of Miss Minnie Ross at Johnson Junction.

Miss Rose Allen, of Mifordfield, is visiting relatives here.

Regular services in the M. E. Church next Sunday by Rev. John Reeves, of Flemingsburg.

CHOTAWA.

W. H. Gunn, Jr., has finished stripping about one hundred rails of tobacco this season.

Wm. Sisson lost a fine cow a few days ago. John Worick has been very sick for several days.

There has been but very little meat lost in this neighborhood from warm weather.

W. H. Gunn, Jr., has been confined to his room for several days with something like pneumonia.

Geo. Gibson moved to the Longnecker farm above Maystick last week.

The deer sale was well attended Jan. 15th and everything sold high.

Miss Katie Hickley has returned home after spending several days in Maysville with relatives.

M.T. CARMEL.

Mrs. J. W. Foxworthy is very low with malarial fever.

Clarence Powers is now at Louisville attending the Bryant & Stratton business College.

Mrs. Dorsey, sister of J. P. Lukins, returned to her home near Tilton Monday, after a pleasant week's visit.

The Mt. Carmel Academy will open January 27th with a full school, instruction given in the sciences, bookkeeping, Latin, mathematics, etc. For particulars, address Richard Lowe.

The Mt. Carmel Literary Society held its regular meeting Friday night with a good program and an attentive audience. The recreations were led by Wade Nash, Kercheval and Willie Wallingford deserve special mention. The patrons are asked to contribute liberally to these meetings with their presence.

Boone Beckett was at last captured one day last week at the home of his sister, Mrs. Chas. Turner, at the end of the Marshall pike, by Jaller Johnnie Ryan. Beckett made his escape from the floating island on the 12th December, with the following traps made for his capture in his last week. His hiding place was discovered by one of his nephews.

"Old Dick," the reliable "hus" horse of the Mt. Carmel line, has a record that, as far as we know, he'd be hard to beat. The horse has owned him for four years and two months, and that that he's been constant use for four years and one month. Counting 33 days to the year, this would make 1,770 days that this valuable horse has been in use, and at an average of seventeen miles per day would amount to 21,740 miles, almost the distance around the earth. Come on with your "bus" horses.

Messrs. J. W. Maynard and Louis Poulsen have returned to their homes in Covington, after a most delightful week's hunt. Game is plentiful and the weather most favorable, especially during the winter months. He said, eight-five hundred in one day. But this is nothing to the bar that Mr. Poulsen killed.

Poulsen and his companion, Maynard, were out hunting after what big game they could find. In some way they became separated while roving through the woods, wishing that they might see a wild cat or a bear. Maynard was suddenly attacked by a bear.

"Maynard was suddenly attacked by a bear," he said, "and instantaneously felled him striking over the carcass of a fat hog, apparently in great glee, shouting: 'Oh, what will father say! I've killed a bear. Oh, what will the boy think of me now! Whoop! Hurrah! Maynard, come and look.' Maynard hastened to his friend's side and bade him cease his racket or he would have 'that farmer over there,' pointing to a log house visible in the distance through the leafless trees, 'with every one of his dozen boys armed with a shotgun and a gun dog. Let's get away from here,' and drawing his loaded companion off, he finally succeeded in leading him away from the "dangerous" locality. Maynard says it is the best joke it has ever been his good fortune to be a witness of, and swears he could hear Poulsen snacking biscuits over the visions of "bar" steaks that were floating before his mind.

The Bay Brothers are engaged in building a new steamer for the Portsmouth and Huntington trade. It is to be a marvel of speed and is expected to make regular railroad time.

THE CITY'S DEBT.

A Statement From the Collector and Treasurer Giving the Amount Maysville Owes.

At the council meeting last Thursday evening, a statement of the city's indebtedness was, on motion of Mr. Fitzgerald, ordered published. It follows:

BONDED DEBT, DUE AUGUST 1, YEAR NAMED	
Eight bonds \$1,000 each, 6 per cent., 1890—\$ 8,000	
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1890—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1891—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1892—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1893—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1894—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1895—.....	7,000
Water works, 14 bonds \$100 each, 6 per cent., 1896—.....	7,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1898—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1899—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1900—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1901—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1902—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1903—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1904—.....	6,000
Railroad, 12 bonds \$30 each, 5 percent., 1905—.....	6,000
Total—.....	\$124,320

FOUNDATIONS FOR FORTUNES.

C. P. Huntington sooth butter and eggs.

Wanamaker's first salary was \$125 a week.

Jim Keene drove a milk wagon in a California town.

A. T. Stewart made his start as a school teacher.

Pulizer once acted as a stoker on a Mississippi steamboat.

Cyrus Field began life as a clerk in a New England store.

Dave Sinton sold sugar over an Ohio counter for \$1 a week.

Moses Taylor carked in Water street, New York, at \$2 a week.

George W. Childs was an errand boy or a bookseller at \$4 a month.

Jay Gould canvassed Delaware County, New York, selling maps at \$1.50 apiece.

Andrew Carnegie did his first work in a Pittsburgh telegraph office for \$3 a week.

Whitehead Reid did work as a correspondent of a Cincinnati newspaper for \$5 a week.

Adam Forepaugh was a butcher in Philadelphia when he decided to go into the show business.

Senator Joe Brown made his first money by plowing his neighbor's field with a pair of bull calves.

ADVERTISED LETTER LIST.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Maysville, Mason County, Ky., for the week ending Tuesday, January 21, 1890:

Aplegate, Wm. E.	Moore, Wm. G.
Bell, Arthur	Morris, Wm.</

THE EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY,
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1890.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

Due East.	Due West.
No. 32.....12:15 a. m.	No. 31.....4:10 a. m.
No. 2.....10:45 a. m.	No. 1.....5:37 a. m.
No. 12.....6:40 p. m.	No. 11.....8:00 a. m.
No. 4.....8:25 p. m.	No. 3.....8:10 p. m.

Nos. 31 and 32 are mixed trains, Nos. 1 and 12 the Ironton accommodation, Nos. 1 and 2 the Washington, Baltimore and New York and Old Point Comfort express, and Nos. 3 and 4 the F. F. V. All daily except Nos. 11 and 12. Direct connection at Central depot, Cincinnati, for all points West and South.

MAYSVILLE DIVISION KENTUCKY CENTRAL.
Arrive.....10:25 a. m. 8:10 p. m.
Depart.....5:15 a. m. 1:50 p. m.
All trains daily except Sunday.
Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.

INDICATIONS—Fair, northerly winds, stationary temperature in eastern portion and slightly warmer in western portion.

"MOUNTAIN BOY."

SALMON, 10 cents a can, at Fitzgerald's.

W.M. RODGER'S silver knives, at Schatzmann's. 3t

INSURE your fine horses with John Duley's agency. If

MR. LOUIS C. OVERLY is on the sick list. He has the grip.

STRAWBERRIES, raspberries, cherries and apples, three cans 25 cents—Calhoun's.

JAMES T. CROOKS, a farmer of Bath County, has assigned to J. B. Goodpaster.

MESSRS. S. S. RILEY and James C. Owens are laid up with the prevailing influenza.

MR. S. SIMON, dealer in china and glass-ware, says he has not decided to remove to Finley, O.

THE petition of Carrie V. Ham for a pension has been presented to Congress by Hon. Thomas H. Payne.

COUNCILMAN FICKLIN, who has been very ill with the grip several days, was much better yesterday and is improving.

REV. W. J. E. COX and Mr. W. LaRUE Thomas are at Carlisle to-day, attending a meeting of the Bracken Board of Missions.

REPRESENTATIVE FRAZEE has introduced an act in the Legislature to amend the charter of the Limestone Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of Maysville.

HARRY WALSH, the BULLETIN's carrier on the lower route, is on the sick list this week and subscribers who fail to receive their paper will please leave word at this office.

THAT four-hundred-dollar diamond will be given away by Ballenger Feb. 1st. Until then you get a ticket for every dollar's worth of goods bought of him, also for every dollar paid on account.

MR. LUD M. MILLS, Superintendent at the Maysville Furniture Factory, is down with the grip. Nearly all the employees have had the disease. Mr. James W. Piper was ill with it several days last week.

MR. THOMAS T. HORAN and Miss Matthe Reynolds, of the Mierva neighborhood, were granted marriage license yesterday. The wedding takes place today at Brooksville, Father Kehoe officiating.

DR. C. W. MATHERS, the Representative from Nicholas and Robertson counties, who has been ill for some days, is in a critical condition and little hopes are entertained for his recovery. His disease is pneumonia.

A DISGRACEFUL state of affairs was recently developed in the United States Court at Jacksonville, Florida. The U. S. Marshal was self-convicted of the charge of "packing the juries," by a letter to one of his Deputies requesting said Deputy "to make out a list of fifty or sixty names of tried and true Republicans to serve as jurors." The case on trial was that of a Democrat, and the "packing" was evidently done to secure a conviction for partisan purposes. No such outrageous doings were heard of during Cleveland's administration.

Here and There.

Mr. J. B. Fristoe, of Pleasant Valley, Nicholas County, was in town yesterday.

Mrs. Anna Threlkeld is visiting her son at Morning View, Ky., after spending some time with relatives at Columbus, Ind.

Circuit Court Doings.

Judge Cole has adjourned court until next Tuesday.

The grand jury reported six indictments yesterday and were discharged for the term. They were in session four days and reported 7 indictments altogether, one for wilful murder, one for grand larceny, one for carrying concealed a deadly weapon, two for resisting an officer, one for hunting on the Sabbath and one for keeping a disorderly house.

Church Chimes.

Mrs. Von Holtz and daughter, Miss Ida, recently closed a successful meeting at Walker Chapel, near Hamilton, O. More than 100 were converted; 75 united with the church. The whole community was stirred.

The largest Sunday school in the world is at Stockport, Eng., having an attendance of 446 teachers and 5,180 scholars, in five divisions. The parent school at Duke Street Chapel, has 3,000 scholars and teachers.—Exchange.

The Methodists of Kentucky will celebrate their centennial May 15, at Lexington. The first conference organized in Kentucky by this denomination was May 15, 1790, at a church then located about six miles from Lexington on the Georgetown Pike, Bishop Asbury presiding.

Stranger things have happened. An exchange says: "It is announced that Col. Robert G. Ingersoll is weakening in his agnosticism, and that as he grows older he begins to realize that nothing short of immortality will satisfy the longings of the mind. He is reported as having said recently that after all 'the splendid dream of immortality may prove a reality.'

Dr. Thayer delivered another earnest appeal to sinners last evening at the Christian Church from the text: "How shall we escape if we neglect so great a salvation?" There were three additions at the close of the sermon. The interest in the meeting is increasing and the attendance is much better than last week. Preaching again this evening at 7 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

Railway News.

Engineers are at work surveying the route of the Kentucky Midland from Paris to Sharpsburg.

L. T. Lloyd has been appointed Master Mechanic for the Cincinnati Division of the Chesapeake and Ohio Road, with headquarters at Covington. Mr. Lloyd will assume the duties of the position on February 1.

I. G. Rawn, late Superintendent of Transportation on the C. & O., has been tendered and has accepted the position of General Superintendent of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Road, with headquarters in Cincinnati.

General Manager H. E. Huntington of the Kentucky Central was here yesterday to attend to some matters in reference to the change to be made Feb. 1st, when the company will return to the old depot. General Manager Harlan is expected here to-day on like business.

President Ingalls' new private coach was turned over to him a few days ago. The Enquirer says: "The car, which is 68 feet 6 inches in length, is supplied with all the latest improvements, and is very handsome as well as very strong. The parlor is supplied with an open fire-place in which gas is used. Over the fire-place is an ornamental mantle. The wood-work between the rooms at either end of the car is polished maple and mahogany. There is an observation room at either end. The car is heated with steam, lighted by gas, wired for electric lights, and is supplied with hot and cold water, electric annunciators, &c."

For the Farmer.

The present cold snap is a pretty severe one on the fruit.

Colonel R. P. Pepper, of Frankfort, has sold Vatican, by Acolyte, for \$10,000, subject to inspection for soundness.

An exchange says: "Give the fowls meat food of some kind and less grain and you will be more likely to get eggs in cold weather.

Fruit growers in Ulster County, New York, have, it is reported, planted orchards of walnut, chestnut and hickory trees to produce nuts for the market.

Edward Atkinson who made a study of the subject, says that the production of this country equals in money value the country's annual total production of iron.—Enquirer.

The New York Herald says that "the Kentucky-bred horse is a superior animal as far as appearance and style are concerned." And the Herald might have added speed to their superior qualifications.

The Western Tobacco Journal of Cincinnati says the prospects for dark tobacco of medium to good quality ought to be far more encouraging than a year ago. The Journal adds: "It is a generally accepted fact that a large part of the stocks held in the United States and Europe are hardly fit for use of any kind, and will remain as they have for years, 'keepers.' If these could be properly classified, and consumers and producers made aware of their proportion, no doubt there would be a much more active market for the better grades that would result in prices that have for years never been reached by average producers."

County Court Doings.

J. James Wood, John N. Thomas, Omar Dodson, Jas. H. Rogers & Co., Geo. T. Wood and Thomas J. Chenoweth were granted license to retail spirituous and vinous liquors at their respective places of business.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Notes and Comments by County Superintendent Galbraith for Year 1889-90.

NO. 45—PLUMVILLE.

Roll, 50; present, 33. This school is taught by Miss Hulda Johnson, a systematic and enthusiastic teacher. We found the written work well managed, and the classes making good progress. I was pleased to find Miss Johnson using a class register. There is great advantage in this, especially where the teacher sends out monthly reports. The fact that the pupil knows that he is graded in class is an incentive to better preparation, besides the pupil being mindful of each failure in recitation, will not be liable to feel that in justice has been done in grading. All teachers using the monthly reports should keep a class register.

The trustees, A. J. Yancey, S. Valentine and Dr. W. H. Outten, have a neat and well-furnished home, and the school is doing first-class work.

NO. 52—RECTORVILLE.

Roll, 80; present, 58. The trustees are E. Myers, Henry Rash and John McGuire. The house is roomy and well furnished with patent seats.

This school is taught by W. T. Pollitt, an earnest and successful teacher, and shows great improvement over the work of last year, not only in its general management, but in the interest of the pupils and the enthusiasm that they bring to their work. Mr. Pollitt uses the monthly reports with permanent register, and is making very satisfactory progress with the written work. His grammar class did some very good work while I was present, displaying a knowledge of the subject independent of mere text book recitation. In fact, the work throughout was in the best sense complimentary to both teacher and pupils. The Rectorville school is to the front, and I doubt not it will continue to hold its place, for its growth is healthy and enduring.

NO. 46—FARROW'S CREEK.

Roll, 40; present, 13. Trustees, Jos. R. Davis, John Dickson and Jas. Thomas. Here we found another school well furnished with patent seats and in good order, and the work of the school of the same grade—A No. 1.

Miss Carrie Pollitt in charge of this school. She is not only well qualified for her work, but she is faithful and unflinching in the discharge of her duties. She uses the written work, not only with the older pupils, but with the beginners who can only print, and these little ones have handed in some very handsome papers. I hope other teachers in collecting material for their Expedition will get that of the little ones. It is to me even more interesting than that of the older pupils, to say nothing of the enthusiasm it generates.

Miss Pollitt has introduced the permanent register and monthly reports, and the work and discipline of the school is all first-class.

Legislative Doings

Representative Blackerby, of Bracken, will introduce a legal advertising bill at an early day.

Mr. Gay, of Winchester, is the author of a bill forbidding the marriage of first cousins. The measure is pending in the House.

A bill was introduced yesterday to fix the compensation of Sheriffs for attending courts at \$2 per day instead of \$50 per annum.

The House has passed Representative Settle's bill to require the payment of all fines and forfeitures directly to the Trustees of the Jury Fund, and to forbid Sheriffs, Clerks, Prosecuting Attorneys to receive their per cent. of such fines and forfeitures from any official of the Jury Fund.

Among the bills introduced yesterday was one by Mr. Richardson to amend the Hewitt revenue law. It provides for the appointment by the County Judge of each county of a Board of Supervisors of Tax Books, composed of two persons from each Magistrate district in the county.

Dr. Frazee, Representative from Mason County, introduced a bill to enforce judgments against railroad companies by making all railroad property subject to execution, if the company shall fail to pay judgment within ten days. If the execution is returned unsatisfied, suit may be brought for the appointment of a receiver. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

River News.

Falling at Pittsburg and intermediate points.

The Sherley had to lay up one trip to have some repairs made.

The Silver Wave had to be taken to the Point Pleasant docks. It is thought her repairs will be completed by the last of the week.

Due up to-night: St. Lawrence for Pomeroy and Louise for Charleston. Down: Rainbow this afternoon and Telegraph to-night.

Mr. H. C. Clarke Gets \$30,000 From the Louisiana State Lottery.

"Is it actually true that you have received a part of the capital prize in the last drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery?" asked a reporter for the Star-Sayings of Mr. H. C. Clark, a young lithographer employed at August Gast's and residing at No. 712 North Compton avenue. "Yes," said he, "I have received \$30,000 in cash. The money was paid to me by the Continental National Bank, of St. Louis, is now in my possession, and a part of it will go into an elegant little home for myself and my family. My ticket was number 93."—St. Louis (Mo.) Star-Sayings, November 25.

The maiden blushed and sighed and trembled to her finger tips. The moment love's first honeyed kiss had pressed her virgin lips, And mingled with the joy that thrilled her came a sudden pain; She felt that while she lived she ne'er could give that kiss again.

The Postoffice Drug Store!

You can always find a choice line of DRUGS at the Postoffice Drug Store. Also a fine line of Fancy Toilet Articles, and the best Perfumery to be found in Maysville. Prescriptions a specialty, and carefully compounded at all hours.

POWER & REYNOLDS,
Cox Building (Adjoining Postoffice).

FOR A GOOD PAIR OF

WINTER SHOES,

TRY THE GOODYEAR WELTS, AT

MINER'S SHOE STORE

BLANK BOOKS AND OFFICE SUPPLIES,

And all January-the-first necessities.

Cabinet Files,

Letter-Copying Books,

Cheap Files.

Letter-Copying Books, Time Books, Bill and Bill-Lading Books. Orders for specialties solicited and prices guaranteed.

KACKLEY & McDougale.

COME AND SEE

OUR "ORIENT!"

We are receiving daily our Fall stock of HEATING STOVES. And we can furnish you with any kind of a COOK or HEATING STOVE you desire. WROUGHT STEEL RANGES in stock. Do not forget to ask for our "ORIENT."

BIERBOWER & CO.



McClavahan & Shea

Dealers in

STOVES,

Mantels, Grates, Tinware.

TIN-ROOFING,

GUTTERING,

and SPOUTING.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS EXECUTED IN BEST MANNER

PURE DRUGS, WINES AND LIQUORS.

THOS. J. CHENOWETH'S

DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION STORE.

BARGAINS IN

CLOAKS

FOR CASH

\$8 and \$10 Newmarkets, \$5; \$15 Newmarkets, \$10. Misses'

Cloaks reduced in same proportion. A large lot of</

The Senate and House.

Proceedings of Both Branches of Congress.

CENSUS OF FARM MORTGAGES

The Subject Furnishes a Lively Debate in the Senate—The Subject of Rules Occupies Most of the Day in the House. Bills Passed and Introduced.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The senate devoted the greater part of a brief session to a discussion of the advisability of taking a census of farm mortgages. The bill adversely reported, requiring the superintendent of census to collect statistics of farm mortgages was taken from the calendar, in order to give Mr. Berry, who introduced it, an opportunity to state the grounds of his opposition to the report and why the bill should be passed.

Mr. Platt referring to a statement made by Mr. Berry as to eastern manufacturers loaning money at large rates of interest, denied that eastern manufacturers had accumulated large profits.

Mr. Hale explained that the committee hesitated to create any new work for the census bureau for fear of delaying the census. Besides the information desired by Mr. Berry could not be obtained in a house to house canvass.

Mr. Vest spoke of depression existing in agricultural communities, and said that there was a general conviction that legislation was largely responsible for it. The superintendent of the census did not possess his confidence. He (the superintendent) had written a letter to Senator Cockrell, saying that in the appointment of supervisors preference would be given to Republicans. The enumerators, of course, would be in political sympathy with them. Who, then, could blame him if he asked that congress should make mandatory on the superintendent the duty to give the information which the bill required?

Mr. Sprouer said the superintendent of the census needed no defense. He was glad to hear that the supervisors were to be Republicans. Had the last election continued the supremacy of the Republican party none of them would have been Republicans. He then made an argument to prove that mortgages were not always a signal of distress.

Mr. Hale said that the passage of the bill would double the work of the census.

After further discussion the matter went over and the senate took up the calendar.

The following senate bills were passed: Creating the offices of surveyors general for South Dakota and North Dakota; to promote the efficiency of the enlisted force of the navy; granting the state of California 5 per cent. net proceeds of the cash sales of public lands; setting apart tracts of land for cemeteries for the Odd Fellows at Central City, Col., and the Alvarado Cemetery association, of Georgetown, Col.; creating three additional land offices in Colorado; appropriating \$120,000 additional for public building at Jacksonville, Fla., and increasing the limit of cost to \$255,000; joint resolution granting permission to remove the Apache Indian prisoners to Fort Sill, I. T.; bill to amend certain statutes relating to the navy.

The senate also passed the house bill amending the act to enable the city of Denver to purchase lands for cemetery purposes.

Among the bills introduced in the senate were the following: To mark the lines of battle and the positions of troops of the army of north Virginia of Gettysburg; to incorporate the Philadelphia and Camden Bridge company; providing for the adjustment of certain sales of lands in the late reservation of the Confederated Otoe and Missouri tribes of Indians in Nebraska and Kansas; to discontinue the coinage of \$3 and \$1 gold pieces and of three cent nickel pieces; to renumerate employees of navy yards for time lost in consequence of injuries received in the yards; to rearrange the pay of the navy; to promote greater efficiency in the general land office.

After a brief secret session the senate at 3:30 adjourned.

House Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The house spent a greater part of the day debating a decision of the speaker which was finally sustained. Monday Mr. Bland, of Missouri, moved that the house adjourn and on division the speaker declared the motion lost. Mr. Bland thereupon demanded letters, and according to The Record yesterday morning, the speaker replied: "There is no provision for tellers." No record of this appearing in The Journal yesterday morning, Mr. Bland moved to have The Journal amended accordingly.

Mr. Bland's motion to amend was submitted, and on a division the motion was declared lost by a vote of 88 to 95.

Mr. Bland demanded tellers, but the speaker declined to entertain the demand for tellers. Mr. Bland appealed from the decision of the chair, and a lengthy discussion took place, which was participated in by Messrs. Mills, Cannon, Bayne, Breckenridge, McMillin, Blount, Gear, Crisp, Perkins, Cutcheon and Carrilie.

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, moved to lay the appeal on the table.

Mr. Mills, of Texas, raised the point of order that parliamentary law recognized no such motion. The point was overruled, and Mr. Cannon's motion was agreed to—yeas, 149; nays, 136.

Mr. Bland's motion to amend The Journal was then lost—yeas, 130; nays, 140.

The motion was then approved.

The world's fair committee was granted permission to sit during the sessions of the house.

Senate resolution was passed, authorizing the marshal of the United States supreme court to loan to the New York State Bar association portraits of the chief justices for exhibition at the judiciary centennial at New York, Feb. 4.

A number of bills and resolutions were introduced and referred. The house then resumed in committee of the whole the Oklahoma site bill, but no progress was made. The committee rose and the house adjourned.

EXPLOSION OF NATURAL GAS.

A Leaky Pipe Line Causes Serious Injuries to Two Ladies.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 22.—By an explosion of natural gas from the Ohio Valley company's main line at Sewickley, Pa., last night, Mrs. George Gibbs was probably fatally burned, and her daughter quite seriously injured.

The ladies were carrying a lantern to light their way home, and the gas, which was escaping from a break in the line, ignited. In an instant both were enveloped in flames. Mrs. Gibbs' clothing was entirely burned off. Her right side and face were terribly burned. Her condition is precarious. The daughter sustained serious injuries, but will recover.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Minor Events and Little Happenings at Various Places.

Mrs. Day was formally elected librarian for Kentucky yesterday.

An English syndicate is after lake steamer lines out of the port of Buffalo.

The "gold brick" swindle cost Clark Adams, of Covington, O., \$5,500.

Twenty-four Chinese laborers passed through Pittsburg yesterday enroute to New York.

The senate committee investigating the ballot-box forgery has adjourned until Feb. 8.

A conductor and two brakemen were killed by cars near Wheeling, W. Va., yesterday.

Chicago was beaten again at Washington yesterday in the preliminary tussle for the world's fair.

The strike of the electricians of the Allegheny County, Pa., Light company has been compromised.

The Ursuline convent property at Pittsburg will be sold in settlement of Mother Alfonse's claims.

The President and Mrs. Harrison entertained the diplomatic corps at the White House yesterday.

After fifteen years' service, George B. Kerper has retired from the street car presidency in Cincinnati.

The wives of congressmen have petitioned for representation of women on the world's fair board of managers.

The Indiana Tariff Reform league met at Indianapolis yesterday. About thirty persons were in attendance.

The senate has confirmed the appointment of George P. Fisher, of Delaware, O., to be first auditor of the treasury.

Two men smashed in the plate glass window of a diamond store at Montreal, and stole jewels valued at \$15,000.

Cincinnati manufacturers held a meeting yesterday in regard to the taking of statistics of manufacturers for the eleventh census.

A brewer who was expelled from the Chicago union for not paying an assessment for the defense of the Anarchists, was awarded \$900 damages.

A memorial from the African Methodist Episcopal church in favor of the Blair educational bill was presented in the United States senate yesterday.

A prisoner who was being taken from Minnesota to New York, and from there to Germany, where he is wanted for murder, jumped from a train near Cortez, N. Y.

It took sixteen rattling rounds between two young men at Clayton, O., to determine which should have the affections of a young lady of the neighborhood.

The new states have all been nicknamed, but the character of the nomenclature is more suggestive than elegant. According to supposed authority North Dakota is the Flicker Tail state, South Dakota Swing Cat, Washington Chinook, and Montana the Slubbed Toe state.

The opening of the first submarine telephone cable has just taken place. The cable runs between Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, and is thirty-two miles long, the overhead line being 180 miles. On the line there are five intermediate stations, all of which can telephone and telegraph simultaneously with all the other stations.

Not a Millionaire When He Died.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—The will of Dr. Thomas Wheeler, the millionaire philanthropist, who made princely gifts to charity and the cause of education during a series of years before he died, Nov. 20 last, was probated yesterday. The value of the estate left by Dr. Wheeler at his death was found to be \$260,000, it having been greatly reduced by his gifts while alive. Of this sum \$44,000 is in real estate, and is divided among various hospitals and seminaries. The \$220,000 of personal property is bequeathed to the philanthropist's widow.

Non-Partisan W. C. T. U.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 22.—Delegates to the National convention of non-partisan temperance women, which opens here to-day to bring into existence an organization in opposition to the Woman's Christian Temperance union, are here in large numbers and the success of the gathering seems already insured.

Representatives from various states are in conference mapping out a plan of policy to be submitted to the convention.

Nellie Bly in the United States.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—"Nellie Bly" was among the passengers who arrived at 9:30 yesterday morning on the steamship Oceanic. As soon as Miss Bly reached the harbor she was taken off by a tug and taken to Oakland, where she boarded a special train in waiting and started on her journey to New York over the Southern Pacific and Atlantic and Pacific routes.

UTICA, Ill., Jan. 22.—Fires which started in Hawley's grocery store yesterday, destroyed four stores, a saloon and a barber shop. The principal losers are: H. P. Blackett, \$6,000; Leonard & Company, \$5,000; D. L. Madden, \$5,000; K. W. Leland, \$4,000; B. E. Hanley, \$2,000; and H. A. Coughlin, \$1,000. The total loss is about \$28,000; insurance, \$8,000.

All companies fined.

WAPAKONETA, O., Jan. 22.—The Lima Oil company was fined \$30 and the Ohio Oil company \$100 and costs. They were charged with suffering, causing and permitting petroleum, crude oil, refuse matter and filth from oil wells and tanks to run into certain ditches, drains and water courses. These are the first convictions in Ohio under this law.

GEORGE W. COOK, For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD.

VIGOR AND STRENGTH.

For EXCESSIVE DRINKING.

WEAKNESS OF BODY AND MIND.

ERRORS OR EXCESSES IN OLD AGE.

ROBUST, NICE MANHOOD FULLY RESTORED.

FOR EXCESSIVE EATING.

FOR EXCESSIVE SWEATING.

FOR EXCESSIVE URINATION.

FOR EXCESSIVE DIARRHEA.

FOR EXCESSIVE CONSTIPATION.

FOR EXCESSIVE HEADACHE.

FOR EXCESSIVE DROWSINESS.

FOR EXCESSIVE SLEEPING.

FOR EXCESSIVE FEVER.

FOR EXCESSIVE CHILLS.

FOR EXCESSIVE SWELLING.

FOR EXCESSIVE SWELLING